

Illustration by John H. Rumely, From 'Vascular Plants of the Pacific Northwest'

## TARAXACUM ERIOPHORUM ROCKY MOUNTAIN DANDELION

Rocky Mountain Dandelion is a perennial with erect to ascending, glabrous or sparsely hairy flower stalks that are up to 30 cm tall when mature and arise from a taproot. The basal, tongue-shaped leaves are glabrous, with wavy margins and broadly winged petioles, and are 6-20 cm long. The sap is milky. Solitary, terminal flower heads are borne on 1- few leafless stalks. Each head has 2 series of erect, lance-shaped involucral bracts. The inner bracts are 15-25 mm high much longer than the outer bracts. The ray flowers are yellow, and disk flowers are absent. The reddish, 4-angled, narrowly elliptic achenes are 3-4 mm long and surmounted by a beak that is 2-4 times as long as the achene itself, and a bristly pappus. Flowering from May-early August.

TARAXACUM ERIOPHORUM can be distinguished from the two exotic species by its erect, rather than reflexed, outer involucral bracts. It is distinguished from other native species by its reddish, distinctly 4-angled achenes. A hand lens may be needed for positive identification.